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Whitehall, October 30.

THE following Addreſſes to His Majeſty were this day preſented to their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices.

The Addreſſes, which follow from the County and City of *Cheſter*, were preſented by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of *Rivers*, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County.

To the KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The Humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, and Militia Officers, of the County Palatine of *Cheſter*.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE are not able to expreſs our Indignation, at the French King's owning the Pretended Prince of Wales as King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, in oppoſition to Your Majeſty's moſt Rightful Title, and in Contempt of the Laws, and all the People of theſe Kingdoms.

The French neglect no Opportunities to Enlarge their Dominions, or to Deſtroy the Proteſtant Religion; And tho' Your Arms had lately Humbled them to an Acknowledgment of Your Royal Dignity, and a Surrender of thoſe Numerous Provinces unjuſtly Uſurped from their Oppreſſed Neighbours; yet the Acceſſion of the Crown of Spain to the Houſe of Bourbon ſeems to have rais'd the Courage of their Monarch: And his Proceedings plainly diſcover his Inveterate Malice againſt the Perſon of Your Sacred Majeſty, and his Deſigns to Ruine both our Church and State.

Great Sir, We moſt humbly aſſure Your Majeſty, That we will freely and heartily expoſe our Lives, and all that we Poſſeſs, in Vindicating the Honour of Your Majeſty, together with Your Right to the Imperial Crowns of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland; and ever Pray for the long Continuance of Your Auſpicious Reign.

To His Moſt Excellent Majeſty, William *the Third*, *by the Grace of* GOD, *of* England, Scotland, France, *and* Ireland, *King, Defender of the Faith*, &c.

The Humble Addreſs of the Mayor and Citizens of the City of *Cheſter*.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majeſty's moſt Obedient and Faithful Subjects, under the ſtricteſt Obligations of ſuch Duty and Gratitude as becomes the Happieſt of Subjects to the Beſt of Kings, cannot but with Indignation and Abhorrence Reflect upon the late Affront offered to Your Majeſty and Your People by the French King, in Proclaiming the Pretended Prince of Wales King of theſe Your Majeſty's Kingdoms, in Derogation of Your Majeſty's Juſt and Lawful Title, begun by the Free Conſent and Affectionate Deſires of Your People, Eſtabliſhed by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, and Acknowledged throughout the World.

We beg Leave upon this Occaſion humbly to aſſure Your Majeſty of our Sincere and Unanimous Reſolution, to exert the utmoſt of our Abilities for the Service and Defence of Your Majeſty's Crown and Royal Dignity, againſt all Oppoſers and Pretenders whatſoever: Beſeeching Almighty God to Protect Your Sacred Perſon, and to Proſper all Your Majeſty's Councils, Alliances, and Undertakings, as well for the Honour and Welfare of theſe Kingdoms, as for the Common Safety of Europe.

The Addreſs from the Borough of *Beverley*, was preſented by Sir *Michael Wharton*, one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament.

To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Capital and other Burgeſſes, of the Antient Borough and Corporation of *Beverley*, in the *Eaſt* Riding of the County of *York*.

May it pleaſe Your Sacred Majeſty,

WE Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects calling to mind our never to be forgotten great Obligations we lie under to Your Majeſty, for reſcuing us from Popery and Slavery, when we lay under great and juſt Apprehenſions of being ſurprized by them both, under the Reign of the late King James; and the great Juſtice and Kindneſs we have received ever ſince, by Your Majeſty's happy Reign over us: We cannot but think the French King a great and inveterate Enemy to Your Majeſty and Your three Kingdoms, that hath endeavoured of late to diſturb You and us, after you had ſo long and proſperous a Reign over us, and ſo publick and ſolemn Acknowledgment made by him to be our Juſt and Rightful Head and Governour; and ſtill doth endeavour, contrary to all Truth and Juſtice, to ſet up a Perſon that hath not any Legal Pretence to the Crown of any Kingdom whatſoever, to be Lord and rule over us. And therefore we think it highly expedient at this time to declare our Abhorrency of the unjuſt Principles and Practices of the French King, whoſe reſtleſs Ambition will not ſuffer him to be true to any thing longer than his Intereſt ſhall oblige him; and to beg Leave on this Occaſion to aſſure Your Majeſty, That we ſhall be ready on all occaſions to defend and ſupport Your Majeſty's Sacred Perſon and Government; with our Lives and Fortunes, againſt all Pretenders to, or Invaders of, Your Crown and Dignity, and of the Succeſſion of the Crown, as it is lately eſtabliſhed by Act of Parliament. In Teſtimony whereof we have hereunto affixed our Common Seal, the 27th day of October, in the 13th year of Your Majeſty's Gracious Reign over us.

The Addreſs which follows from the Borough of *Heydon*, was preſented by Sir *Robert Bedingfield*, one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, and *Henry Guy* Eſq;

To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The Humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Bayliffs, and Burgeſſes, of Your Majeſty's ancient Corporation of *Heydon* in *Holderneſs*, in the County of *York*.

AS we never can forget, That 'tis to Your Majeſty, the true Defender of our Faith, Laws, and Liberties, that we owe the preſent Enjoyment of all that is Dear to us on Earth; ſo muſt we think our ſelves in Gratitude, and in Duty, bound to declare to Your Majeſty, (our moſt Rightful and Lawful Sovereign) and to all the World, That we do from our Hearts Deteſt and Abhor that open Violation of Your Majeſty's Undoubted Right and Title to th ſe Your Kingdoms, lately offered by the French King, in having declared the Pretended Prince of Wales King of England, &c. And we do humbly crave Leave moſt ſolemnly and ſincerely to aſſure Your Majeſty, That this Proceeding of that Ambitious Monarch will make us in the moſt effectual manner exert our unſhaken Zeal for the Support of Your Majeſty's Sacred Perſon and Government, and the Limitation of the Crown in a Proteſtant Line as is now by Law eſtabliſhed, in oppoſition to the Pretended Prince of Wales, the Threatning Power of France, and all Attempts of Your Majeſty's Enemies whatſoever: Not doubting, but Your Majeſty, having the Hands, as intirely as You have the Hearts, of Your People, will be able, by reducing the over-grown Power of France, to Eſtabliſh the Proteſtant Religion and Liberties of Europe upon a Sure and Laſting Foundation; a Work, of which Providence ſeems to have deſigned Your Majeſty to be the Glorious Inſtrument. Our Conſtant and Zealous Prayers ſhall be for Your Majeſty's Health and Proſperity, and Long Reign over us.

The

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Queenborough*, was preſented by *Robert Crawford* and *Thomas King* Eſqrs; their Repreſentatives in Parliament.

To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Jurats, Steward, Bayliffs and Burgeſſes, of Your Majeſty's antient Borough of *Queenborough*, in the County of *Kent*.

Dread Sovereign,

WE *Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful Subjects, cannot but, with other Your good Subjects, highly reſent the great Indignity offer'd to Your moſt Sacred Majeſty by that unfaithful Monarch the* French King, *in proclaiming a pretended Prince of* Wales *King of Your Realms: We humbly crave Leave to aſſure Your Majeſty, That we will heartily and chearfully contribute our Proportion of ſuch Supplies as Your great Council in Parliament ſhall think fit, for the Advancement and Support of Your Majeſty againſt all Invaders. And with great Obedience we do aſſure Your Majeſty, That we the Mayor, Jurats, Bayliffs and Burgeſſes, will from time to time, as occaſion ſhall require, always make Choice of ſuch Perſons to Repreſent us in Parliament, as will give us juſt Cauſe to believe will comply with ſuch Meaſures as may tend to Support Your Majeſty's undoubted Right to the Imperial Crowns of theſe Realms. In Teſtimony whereof we have hereunto affixed the Seal of our Corporation.*

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Wilton*, was preſented by Sir *Henry Aſhurſt*.

To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The moſt humble Addreſs of Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Town Clerk and Burgeſſes, of Your antient Corporation of *Wilton*.

GIve us Leave, *great Sir, amongſt many others of Your moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, to lay at Your Majeſty's Feet our deep Reſentments of that horrid Affront lately offered Your Majeſty by the* French *King, who we believe would not have been ſo bold to have attempted it, without ſome Encouragement from a corrupted Party within Your own Dominions, with the Lord* Melford, *in his Letter the laſt Winter, repreſented to be his Friends: But his Inſolence in Proclaiming the pretended Prince of* Wales *King of* Great Britain *and* Ireland, *(to impeach Your Majeſty's lawful Title thereunto) is ſuch an Indignity caſt upon Your Majeſty and the Three Kingdoms, as muſt be abhorred by all who are not Traitors of the blackeſt Dye; eſpecially conſidering the many great Things Your Majeſty hath done for theſe Nations, and Hazards You have undergone for our Deliverance from the worſt of Slaveries.*

We humbly hope, Dread Sir, our Repreſentatives in the Houſe of Commons will be always ready to concur in every thing that may enable Your Majeſty not only to oppoſe, but to pull down and humble that great Diſturber of Europe; *(whoſe whole Life hath been a continued Series of Deſtruction, Blood and Rapine) otherwiſe we do preſume to aſſure Your Majeſty, That they do act contrary to our Opinions, and to what we expected from them when they were Choſen.*

Alſo (in all Duty and Deference to Your Sacred Majeſty) we moſt humbly hope, Your Majeſty, in a juſt Reſentment of this Inſolence, will, by the Aſſiſtance of Your People and Parliament, be able to call in queſtion thoſe other Titles he has (contrary to his Faith and Treaties) ſet up in Europe *and* America; *and, by reſtoring the Houſe of* Auſtria *and Crown of* Spain, *put an end to his Uſurpation over theſe Countries, and to his Hopes of being Maſter of the Trade and Liberty both of this Kingdom and of all the neighbouring World.*

In Witneſs whereof we have hereunto ſet our Common Seal, the Eighteenth Day of October, *in the Thirteenth Year of Your Majeſty's moſt Gracious Reign.*

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Totneſs*, was preſented by *Thomas Coulſon* Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament.

To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt Rightful and Gracious Sovereign,

WE *the Mayor, Deputy-Recorder, Burgeſſes and Grand Jury in Seſſions aſſembled, and other the principal Inhabitants of Your antient Borough of* Totneſs, *in the County of* Devon, *being deeply ſenſible and touch'd with the late Proceedings of the* French King, *in relation to his Proclaiming the pretended Prince of* Wales *King of* Great Britain *and* Ireland, *in Violation of the late ſolemn Treaty of* Ryſwick, *and manifeſt Derogation of Your Sacred Majeſty's undoubted Right; do therefore, as in Duty bound, humbly aſſure Your Majeſty, That we will, to the utmoſt of our Abilities, chearfully ſtand by and aſſiſt Your Majeſty againſt the Deſigns of the* French King *and the pretended Prince of* Wales, *and their Adherents, and all other Your Majeſty's Enemies. And we do devoutly implore the Bleſſing of Almighty God on Your Sacred Majeſty, That Your Reign over us may be long and happy, and that no wicked Enterpriſes of Your Enemies may ever proſper.*

The Addreſs which follows from the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, was preſented by Sir *William Aſhurſt*.

To our Sovereign Lord, William *the Third, by the Grace of* GOD, *King of* England Scotland, France, *and* Ireland, *Defender of the Faith*, &c.

The Humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bayliffs, and Burgeſſes, of the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, in Guild aſſembled.

THE *late Preſumption of the* French *King, to Acknowledge and Declare the Pretended Prince of* Wales *King of* Great Britain *and* Ireland, *moves us to entreat Leave to repreſent, Dread Sovereign, our juſt Deteſtation of ſo Great an Indignity offered to Your Majeſty: The* French *Monarch has thereby made an Inglorious Effort againſt, and given an Ineffectual Oppoſition to, Your Majeſty's Juſt Right and Title to the ſe Your Dominions, owned by all the Princes and States of* Europe. *We do in all Humility aſſure Your Majeſty, That we are deeply ſenſible of the Duty and Allegiance which we owe to Your Majeſty, our Lawful and Rightful King: In Evidence whereof, and in Gratitude for your many great and extraordinary Performances for the Safety and Welfare of Your People, we ſhall be ready upon all Occaſions to ſhew our ſincere Affection and Faithfulneſs to Your Majeſty.*

And as we have conſtantly, ſince Your Majeſty's happy Acceſſion to the Throne, made Choice of Perſons firmly Loyal to Your Majeſty, and Well-affected to this Government, to be our Repreſentatives in Parliament; ſo whenever Your Majeſty ſhall think fit to make it our Duty to proceed to a new Election of Members to ſerve for us in Parliament, we will place none in that Station but Perſons of undoubted Integrity and Loyalty to Your Majeſty, and of approved Faithfulneſs to the True Intereſt of the Kingdom.

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Lyme Regis*, was preſented by *Robert Henley* and *Joſeph Paice* Eſqrs; their Repreſentatives in Parliament.

To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The Humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Capital Burgeſſes, Freemen, and other Inhabitants of the Town of *Lyme Regis*.

May it pleaſe Your Majeſty,

BEing *deeply ſenſible of the Great Happineſs we have long Enjoyed under the Benign Influences of the Government of Your Sacred Majeſty, whom God hath made the Glorious Inſtrument of our Deliverance from the Greateſt Dangers, which we acknowledge our Selves bound always to remember with the higheſt Gratitude to God, and moſt dutiful Affection to Your Majeſty; We humbly crave Leave, among other Your Majeſty's good Subjects, to expreſs our Senſe of the Great Affront and Indignity offered to Your Majeſty's Perſon, and the Kingdom, by the* French *King's declaring the Pretended Prince of* Wales *King of* England, Scotland, *and* Ireland; *which Arrogance, we preſume, proceedeth as well from Envy at Your Majeſty's Glorious Reign, as out of Deſign to Embroil us. And we do with all Sincerity aſſure Your Majeſty, That we will at all times readily Contribute our utmoſt Endeavours for the Preſervation of Your Majeſty's Sacred Perſon and Government againſt all Your Enemies whatſoever, and for maintaining the Succeſſion as it is, to our great Satisfaction, by the late Act of Parliament ſettled in the Proteſtant Line: And as in Duty bound, we ſhall always pray for Your Majeſty's Long and Proſperous Reign over us.*

Genoua,

Genoua, Octob. 15. *N. S.* Several Veſſels are taken up here, to tranſport 10 Troops of Spaniſh Horſe and 500 Foot (who are on their March from the Milaneze) to the Kingdom of Naples: It was intended to ſend thither likewiſe 10 or 12000 French Soldiers; but this is deferred till there be an abſolute Neceſſity for it, becauſe 'tis believed it would farther exaſperate the People of Naples againſt the French, to whom they do on all occaſions expreſs a very great Averſion. The French and Spaniſh Miniſters here have repreſented to our Senate, That 'tis expected they ſhould not admit any Engliſh or Dutch Men of War into their Ports; but the Senate have anſwered, That they could make no ſuch Diſtinction between theſe and the other Nations that are in Peace and Friendſhip with this Republick.

Milan, October 19. The heavy Taxes that are laid upon the People of this Dutchy, for the Subſiſtence of the French and Spaniſh Forces, occaſion great Murmurings. Our Forces ſuffer very much by the bad Weather, and the number of their Sick encreaſes daily; They write from Cremona, that the Hoſpitals of that Place are full of them, and above 700 have died there within theſe few days; 'Tis computed that during this Campaigne our Army is diminiſht at leaſt a third part, through Sickneſs, Deſertion, and the Loſſes we have had in the ſeveral Actions and Rencounters with the Germans. Divers Officers in the Duke of Savoy's Service, are gone home from the French Camp, and 'tis ſaid the Duke intends ſhortly to return to Turin, and that his Forces will return to their Winter quarters in the Countries of Savoy and Piedmont.

Florence, Octob. 21. Letters from the French Army give an Account, That Marſhal Villeroy had taken a General Review of his Forces, and found they have loſt 20000 Men, and 8000 Horſes ſince the beginning of the Campagne. The Weather continues ſo bad, that in all appearance the two Armies will ſhortly be obliged to Decamp and go into Winter-Quarters. The Advices from Naples ſay, the Relations of a Perſon of Quality, who was condemned for being concerned in the late Diſturbances in that Kingdom, had deſired the Viceroy to defer his Execution till they could apply to the King of Spain on his behalf, or at leaſt, that he might be put to Death privately; but both being refuſed, they found means to poiſon the Priſoner; which the Viceroy being informed of, he cauſed the dead Body to be dragg'd at a Horſe's Tail through the Streets of Naples. This, and other Proceedings of the ſaid Viceroy hath very much encreaſed the general Diſcontent; the effects whereof he ſo much apprehends, that he has poſted Guards in ſeveral parts of the City, and does not go abroad, and admits few Perſons to come to him. They write from Rome, That the Pope is very much preſſed by Cardinal Janſon and the Spaniſh Ambaſſador, to give the Inveſtiture of the Kingdom of Naples to the King of Spain, and to declare the late Riſing in that Kingdom to be a Rebellion; but that he refuſes to do either and reſents very much the Violence committed by the Spaniſh Officers of Juſtice at Sora, in apprehending the Duke della Riccia in the Cathedral of that place, where he had taken Refuge, looking upon it as a Violation of the Eccleſiaſtical Immunities.

Venice, October 21. The Senate have given Orders for raiſing ſome new Troops in Dalmatia, and General Mocenigo Governor of that Country is directed to draw together a Body of the Venetian Forces to obſerve the Imperialiſts who are in motion in Croatia. Signior Francisco Grimani is Elected Provedtor Extraordinary of Verona, and 4 of the Nobilty, Signior Nicolao Erizzo, Signior Philippo Dona, Signior Luigi Marcelli, and Signior Gieronimo Michieli, are appointed to ſerve under General Molino, who is now at Brelcia, in ſuch Poſts as he ſhall think fit; and a Sum of Money has been ſent him to pay the Forces under his Command; and to build Forts at Legnano, where there is a Bridge over the River Adige. 'Tis ſaid the Senate have agreed with Count Beiner, a Swede, to be General of their Forces at Land: They have made Choice of Signior Luigi Mocenigo, who is now Ambaſſador from this Republick at the Court of Spain, to go with the ſame Character to France; and Signior Duodo is gone to Madrid to ſupply his place. Divers Perſons who were concerned in the late Riſing at Naples are come hither in their way to the Imperial Army; among whom are the Duke of Caetano, and ſeveral others of the Nobility. The laſt Advices from thence ſay, the Germans have built 6000 Huts in their Camp, reſolving not to Decamp before the French; and they expect a conſiderable Reinforcement from Germany. They write from Milan, That the People make great Complaints of the heavy Taxes laid upon them. Seven millions ſix hundred and forty ſix thouſand Livres being demanded of that Dutchy for the Subſiſtence of the French Forces this Winter, beſide other great Taxes.

Riga, Octob. 16. The Swedes continue to bombard the Dunamünder Fort; and ſome Letters have been intercepted, which were writ by the Governour of that place to the King of Poland, repreſenting the ill Condition the Garriſon is in, and that they could not hold out much longer, having no hopes of any Relief. A conſiderable Body of Muſcovite Forces being got together near Pleskow, where it's ſaid the Czar has been ſome time, a Reinforcement of ſeveral Regiments of Horſe and Foot from the Swediſh Army in Courland, and from this Garriſon, are marching to joyn Count Welling, who commands the Swediſh Forces on the Frontiers of Ingria.

Warſaw, Octob. 26. The Treaty between the Emperor and the King of Poland is almoſt brought to a Concluſion; by which 'tis agreed that ſeveral Saxon Regiments ſhall enter into his Imperial Majeſty's Service: The Emperor's Envoy here endeavours all he can to diſpoſe the King of Poland to an Accommodation with Sweden, to which the ill State of the Affairs of this Kingdom is like alſo to contribute very much. The Negotiation for adjuſting the Differences between the Houſe of Sapieha and the Confederated Nobility of Lithuania, ſeems to be broken off; and the latter having aſſembled their Forces in order to ſpoil the Eſtate of Prince Sapieha and thoſe of his Party, theſe have called in the Swediſh Forces to their Aſſiſtance. They write from Courland, That the Swedes are building a large Fort with Five Baſtians near Libou, and are making Fortifications at Mittaw and ſeveral other places, to ſecure their Wintering in that Country.

Franc.